क्र०सं०	नियोजन का नाम	पिछले संशोधन की तारीख पाने वाले कर्मकार के लिए न्यूनतम मजदूरी	न्यूनतम मजदूरी*
26.	फेल्सपार खानें	-वही-	-वही-
27.	रेड ऑक्साइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
28.	लेटेराइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
29.	डोलोमाइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
30.	लौह अयस्क खानें	-वही-	-वही-
31.	ग्रेनाइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
32.	वोल्फार्म खानें	-वही-	-वही-
33.	मैग्नेटाइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
34.	राक फास्फेट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
35.	हेमेट्राइट खानें	-वही-	-वही-
36.	रेलवे माल शेडों में सामान लादना-उतारना	-वही-	रु० 43.31
37.	रेलवे में राख-गड्ढों का साफ करना	-वही-	-वही-
38.	संगमरमर तथा कैल्साइट खानें	-वही-	रु० 42.02
39.	यूरेनियम खानें	-वही-	-वही-
40.	अभ्रक खानें	-वही-	-वही-
41.	लिगनाइट खानों में रोजगार**		
42.	ग्रेवल खान में रोजगार **		
43.	बिजली, वायर लैस, रेडियो, टेलीविजन, दूरभाष, टेलीग्राफ तथा समुद्रीय संप्रेषण केबल तथा वैसी ही भूमिगत केबल डालने, विद्युत लाइन, जलापूर्ति लाइन तथा मलु निकासी पाइप लाइन से संबंधित रोजगार **		
44.	स्लेट खानों में रोजगार **		

* पिछली बार 1.10.98 की संशोधित न्यूनतम मजदूरी में विशेष भत्ते का घटक भी शमिल है।

** न्यूनतम मजदूरी निर्धारित की जानी है।

Inclusion of trades under Apprenticeship Act, 1961

2093. SHRI ANIL SHARMA:
SHRI SURYABHAN PATIL VAHADANE:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the number of proposals of Government of Maharashtra and Himachal Pradesh for inclusion of trades under Engineering Agricultural and Food Processing Group under the Apprenticeship Act, 1961 pending with Government;

(b) the details thereof and the reasons for pendency; and

(c) by when these courses will be covered under Apprenticeship Act, 1961?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) Two proposals were received from Govt. of Maharashtra for inclusion of seven subject fields (trades) under Engineering, Agricultural and Food Processing Group in the category of Technician (Vocational) Apprentices under the Apprentices Act, 1961. No such proposal has been received for inclusion of subject fields (trades) from Govt. of Himachal Pradesh.

(b) and (c) A proposal from Govt. of Maharashtra was received in Feb. 1993

for inclusion of seven subject fields (trades) namely Electronic Technology, Mechanical Engineering, Auto Engineering Technician, Repairs, Maintenance and rewinding of Electric Motor, Horticulture, Cookery, and Bakery & Confectionery under the Apprentices Act, 1961. The proposal was examined by a team of Technical Officers of the Ministry of Labour and found that courses are already covered under the Apprentices Act, 1961 by similar or other names for the category of Trade Apprentices. In view of the policy of the Government that duplication of trades/subject fields under the categories of Trade Apprentices and Technician (Vocational) Apprentices should be avoided, the above proposal of Govt. of Maharashtra could not be accepted.

A fresh proposal was received from Govt. of Maharashtra in August, 1997 for inclusion of the seven subject fields under the Apprentices Act, 1961. In the meantime, one of the seven subject fields namely "Horticulture" has been included under the Apprentices Act, 1961.

A decision was taken to constitute Subject Matter Expert Committee to examine the feasibility of inclusion of the remaining six subject fields in the category of Technician (Vocational) Apprentices under the Apprenticeship Training Scheme. Accordingly four Subject Matter Expert Committees have been constituted. Meetings of two Committees have been held and meetings of other Committees are scheduled to be held shortly.

The recommendations of the Expert Committees will be placed before the Central Apprenticeship Council (CAC), a statutory tri-partite body for their consideration and action will be implemented according to the recommendation of CAC.

Right to Job A Fundamental Right

2094. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are considering to make right to job a Fundamental Right;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) to (c)The Central Government are not considering to make 'Right to Job' as a Fundamental Right in the Constitution, mainly on account of resource constraints.

Implementation of Minimum Wages by States

2095. SHRI JIBON ROY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a number of States would not effect minimum wages because of neutralisation of cost of living sought by employees;

(b) if so, the number of such cases;

(c) whether it is also a fact that a number of Central Trade Unions have proposed to bring the matter of minimum wage under the statutes debarring right of employers to go to court; and

(d) if so, what steps are being contemplated by Government?

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYANARAYAN JATIYA): (a) and (b) The Minimum Wages Act, 1948 applicable to workers in the unorganised sector, empowers both Central and State Governments to fix/revise the minimum rates of wages for the scheduled employments under their respective jurisdiction. 18 States have linked the wages also with Consumer Price Index Number, for some scheduled employments which is called Variable Dearness Allowance.

(c) and (d) The question of including the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 in the 9th Schedule of the Constitution was examined in consultation with the Ministry of Law and it was felt that the Act might